Geography Units

Year	Topic title	Concept Knowledge
1	Where I live	 Locational knowledge: Understand the name of their town and understand where it is in the country. Place Knowledge: Children recognise and understand that they live in a town and they live close to a church, park, town and leisure centre Human Geography: Children recognise that these are things you can see in the local area that have been built by people like homes, shops, parks, churches and leisure centres Geographical Skills Geographical Skills
1	Wonderful Weather	 maps, atlases, OS maps, keys and symbols. Locational knowledge: Children recognise the weather patterns in their local area. Place Knowledge: Children recognise and understand that the weather that they experience is different to weather patterns in other parts of the world. Human Geography: Children recognise that different weather patterns happen in different parts of the world. Geographical Skills maps, atlases, OS maps, keys and symbols.
2	Handa's African Adventure	 Locational knowledge: Understand the locations of the UK and Kenya. (Which continents are they located in and which oceans are they connected to). Understand what we mean by Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere and equator and make links to climate and location. Place Knowledge:

		 Understand why the climate is different in each location. Understand which animals live in each country and understand the reasons why. <u>Human Geography</u>: Understand what is meant by human geography. Explore similarities/differences between Aftrican/UK villages. Compare man-made e school buildings, looking at materials and why they are structured in certain ways. Identify the human geography (carparks, buildings) in and around their own school
		 <u>Geographical Skills</u> maps, atlases, OS maps, keys and symbols.
2	Planet Earth	 Locational knowledge: Understand that the world is split into seven continents and five oceans. Be able to name and locate the seven continents and five oceans. Understand that the UK is made up of four countries. Be able to name the four countries and their capital cities. Place Knowledge: Recognise why different continents have different temperatures Recognise the different physical and human features found in the four countries of the UK Human Geography: Understand what is meant by human geography. Explore and sort images of physical.human geography in the UK and in South America
		 Identify the human geography in their own location <u>Geographical Skills</u> maps, atlases, OS maps, keys and symbols.

	Location and Place Knowledge	Geographical Techniques
3 My place in the world	 UK location in the world Location of home nations and capital cities Location of counties, including our local area Physical and human characteristics of London 	 (Including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary) Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, digital mapping Use the eight points of a compass. Communicate information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at length Ask and answer questions using a range of methods to describe features studied.
	Physical features and processes	Human interaction with the environment
	 Weather and climate Patterns of climate in the UK Physical landscapes of the UK 	 Types of settlements and land use Economic activity Migration Tourism

		Location and Place Knowledge	Geographical Techniques
3	Volcanoes and Earthquakes	 Global distribution of volcanoes and earthquakes. Location of famous volcanoes of the world Investigating why Haiti and Japan had different impacts from an earthquake. Investigating how places predict, prepare and prevent tectonic hazards 	 (Including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary) Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs Communicate information in a variety of ways, including through maps and writing at length Ask and answer questions using a range of methods to describe features studied.
		Physical features and processes	Human interaction with the environment
		 Physical features of earthquakes and volcanoes Identify past and present physical features. Differences between settlements. 	 Effects of volcanoes on people and the environment. Effects of earthquakes on people, the environment and the economy.

		Location and Place Knowledge	Geographical Techniques
4	Coasts	 Name, locate and identify oceans and seas on a global, national and local scale; particularly focusing on the Sunderland and Tyneside coastline 	 (Including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary) Use geographical terms and vocabulary, demonstrate geographical skills, including maps and graphical methods
		Physical features and processes	Human interaction with the environment
		 Identify and describe coastal characteristics and processes. An understanding of the processes of erosion, weathering and transportation along the coastline. 	 Identify land use, and human activity along a river. Discuss the impacts of coastal erosion and sea level rise and management techniques to respond to this

		Location and Place Knowledge	Geographical Techniques
4	Journey of a river	 Name, locate and identify key rivers on a global, national and local scale; particularly focusing on the Tyne, Wear and Tees 	 (Including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary) Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, aerial photographs Communicate information in a variety of ways, including through maps and writing at length Ask and answer questions using a range of methods to describe features studied.
		Physical features and processes	Human interaction with the environment
		 Identify and describe river characteristics and processes. Gain an understanding of the three stages of a river and how they differ. 	 Identify land use, and economic activity along a river. Discuss the relationships between human activity and how this has changed overtime.

		Location and Place Knowledge	Geographical Techniques
5	Settle Down	 Local area (Hebburn, South Shields, Peterlee, Sunderland) Shenzhen (Asia) Understand geographical similarities and differences through the studying of human and physical geography. Investigate land-use patterns and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time. 	 (Including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary) Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs Communicate information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at length Ask and answer questions using a range of methods to describe features studied. Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans, graphs and digital technologies.
		Physical features and processes	Human interaction with the environment
		 Physical features of hamlets, villages, towns and cities. Identify past and present physical features Differences between settlements 	 Types of settlements and land use Economic activity

5	Natural Resources	 Understand geographical similarities and differences through the studying of human and physical geography. Investigate consumption patterns globally and understand why there are variations. 	 (Including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary) Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes. Communicate information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at length Ask and answer questions using a range of methods to describe features studied.
		Physical features and processes	Human interaction with the environment
		 The formation of resources. How location can determine access to resources. Identify the physical reasons for why we have a world of 'haves' and 'have nots'. 	 The impacts of using resources.

		Location and Place Knowledge	Geographical Techniques
6	Biomes	 Tropical Rainforest: South America Temperate Deciduous Forest: UK Southern/Northern hemispheres Equator Climates in different areas of the planet Flora and fauna found in different biomes 	 (Including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary) Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs Communicate information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at length Ask and answer questions using a range of methods to describe features studied. Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans, graphs and digital technologies.
		Physical features and processes	Human interaction with the environment
		 Physical features tropical rainforests (South America) and temperate deciduous forests (UK) Differences between a rainforest and a temperate deciduous forest 	 Human use of the rainforest Economic activity (goods and services) Trade Deforestation Sustainable management

		Location and Place Knowledge	Geographical Techniques
6	North America	 Locate North America and the USA Locate states, features and settlements of USA 	 (Including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary) Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams and graphs. Communicate information in a variety of ways, including through maps and writing at length Ask and answer questions using a range of methods to describe features studied.
		Physical features and processes	Human interaction with the environment
		 Formation of a canyon and processes of erosion. Causes and impacts of a hurricane. Causes and impacts of wildfires. 	 Population distribution and density Food and farming Settlement changes of time. Climate change.